Paper Dated: June 23, 2006

Attorney Docket No. 128346.32051

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the present application.

1. (Original) A granite block cut into slabs by a sawing device comprising a plurality of generally parallel, spaced-apart blades with each of the blades having a plurality of cutting segments mounted thereon, each of the cutting segments comprising a continuous phase impregnated with a superabrasive material selected from one of natural diamond, synthetic diamond, cubic boron nitride, and combinations thereof:

wherein each of the granite slabs as cut from the block has a surface roughness  $R_a$  of less than 1000  $\mu$ -in.

- 2. (Original) The as-cut granite slabs of claim 1, wherein each of the as-cut granite slabs has a surface roughness  $R_a$  of less than 500  $\mu$ -in.
- 3. (Original) The as-cut granite slabs of claim 1, wherein each of the as-cut granite slabs has a mean thickness variation of less than 20% of the thickness of a nominal slab target.
- 4. (Original) The as-cut granite slabs of claim 3, wherein each of the as-cut granite slabs has a mean thickness variation of less than 10% of the thickness of a nominal slab target.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The as-cut granite slabs of claim 1, wherein each of the as-cut granite slabs has an ISO 10-point height parameter  $R_z$  of less than  $10,000 \, \mu$ -in  $\mu$ -in. and a maximum peak-to-valley height  $R_{max}$  of less than  $10,000 \, \mu$ -in.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The as-cut granite slabs of claim 5, wherein each of the as-cut granite slabs has an ISO 10-point height parameter  $R_z$  of less than 5,000  $\mu$ -in  $\mu$ -in. and a maximum peak-to-valley height  $R_{max}$  of less than 5,000  $\mu$ -in  $\mu$ -in.

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7. (Currently Amended) The as-cut granite slabs of claim 6, wherein each of the as-cut granite slabs has an ISO 10-point height parameter  $R_z$  of less than 4,000  $\mu$  in  $\mu$ -in. and a

maximum peak-to-valley height  $R_{max}$  of less than 4,000  $\mu$ -in  $\mu$ -in.

8. (Currently Amended) A method for cutting a granite block into slabs, said method comprises comprising the step steps of subjecting said block to a cutting device comprising:

providing a granite block;

cutting said granite block with a cutting device, the cutting device comprising:

a plurality of generally parallel, spaced-apart blades, with each of the blades having a plurality of cutting segments mounted thereon,

each of the segments being spaced apart from one another by a center-to-center distance,

each of the segments comprising a continuous phase impregnated with a superabrasive material selected from one of natural diamond, synthetic diamond, cubic boron nitride, and combinations thereof; wherein there is a spacing variation of at least 1 mm between a maximum center-to-center distance and a minimum center-to-center distance of the segments, and

wherein each of the granite slabs as cut from the block by said cutting device has a surface roughness  $R_a$  of less than 1000  $\mu$  in.

producing granite slabs from the granite block by said cutting device, each granite slab having a surface roughness  $R_a$  of less than 1000  $\mu$ -in.

- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein each of the as-cut granite slabs has a surface roughness  $R_a$  of less than 500  $\mu$ -in.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein each of the as-cut granite slabs has a mean thickness variation of less than 20% of the thickness of a nominal slab target.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein each of the as-cut granite slabs has a mean thickness variation of less than 10% of the thickness of a nominal slab target.

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12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 8, wherein each of the as-cut granite slabs has an ISO 10-point height parameter  $R_z$  of less than  $10,000 \mu$  in  $\mu$ -in. and a maximum peak-to-valley height  $R_{max}$  of less than  $10,000 \mu$ -in.

13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein each of the as-cut granite slabs has an ISO 10-point height parameter  $R_z$  of less than 5,000  $\mu$ -in  $\mu$ -in. and a maximum peak-to-valley height  $R_{max}$  of less than 5,000  $\mu$ -in  $\mu$ -in.

14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13, wherein each of the as-cut granite slabs has an ISO 10-point height parameter  $R_z$  of less than 4,000  $\mu$  in  $\mu$ -in. and a maximum peak-to-valley height  $R_{max}$  of less than 4,000  $\mu$ -in  $\mu$ -in.

15. (Currently Amended) A method for cutting a granite block into slabs, with the as cut granite slabs having an as cut surface roughness  $_{Ra}$  of less than 1000  $\mu$  in, and a mean thickness variation of less than 20% of the thickness of a nominal slab target, by employing a cutting device comprising the steps of:

providing a granite slab;

cutting the granite slab with a cutting device, the cutting device comprising:

a plurality of generally parallel, spaced-apart blades with each of the blades having a plurality of cutting segments mounted thereon,

each of the cutting segments comprising a continuous phase impregnated with a superabrasive material selected from one of natural diamond, synthetic diamond, cubic boron nitride, and combinations thereof;

each of the cutting segments having a wear resistance property varying at least 10% from at least another segment mounted on the same blade, wherein the varied wear resistance property is selected from the group of a) center-to-center spacing of the segments along the length of the blade; b) concentration of superabrasive materials in each segment; c) grade of superabrasive materials in each segment as measured by its compressive fracture

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strength; d) composition of superabrasive materials in each segment; and e) length of the segment; and

producing granite slabs wherein the granite slabs have an as-cut surface roughness  $R_a$  of less than 1000  $\mu$ -in., and a mean thickness variation of less than 20% of the thickness of a nominal slab target.

- 16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 15, wherein the as-cut granite slabs have a mean thickness variation of less than 10% of the thickness of a nominal slab target.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 15, wherein each of the as-cut granite slabs has an ISO 10-point height parameter  $R_z$  of less than 10,000  $\mu$ -in  $\mu$ -in. and a maximum peak-to-valley height  $R_{max}$  of less than 10,000  $\mu$ -in.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim  $\frac{13}{15}$ , wherein each of the as-cut granite slabs has an ISO 10-point height parameter  $R_z$  of less than  $4{,}000 \,\mu$ -in  $\mu$ -in. and a maximum peakto-valley height  $R_{max}$  of less than  $4{,}000 \,\mu$ -in  $\mu$ -in.
- 19. (Currently Amended) A method for cutting a granite block into slabs with an excess cut width  $(t_{xs})$  of less than 2 mm, said method comprises comprising the steps step of subjecting said granite block to a cutting device comprising:

providing a granite block:

cutting said granite block with a cutting device, the cutting device comprising:

a plurality of generally parallel, spaced-apart blades with each of the blades having a plurality of cutting segments mounted thereon, and

each of the cutting segments comprising a continuous phase impregnated with a superabrasive material selected from one of natural diamond, synthetic diamond, cubic boron nitride, and combinations thereof: and

producing granite slabs.

20. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said excess cut width  $(t_{xs})$  is less than 1mm.